

356-529



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**BC182  
BC183  
BC184**

CASE 29-02, STYLE 17  
TO-92 (TO-226AA)

AMPLIFIER TRANSISTORS

NPN SILICON

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	8C182	8C183	8C184	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CE0}$	50	30	30	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CB0}$	60	45	45	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EB0}$	6.0			Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous	$I_C$	100			mA <sub>dc</sub>
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	350			mW
		2.8			mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.0			Watt
		8.0			mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-55 to +150			$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	125	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	357	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

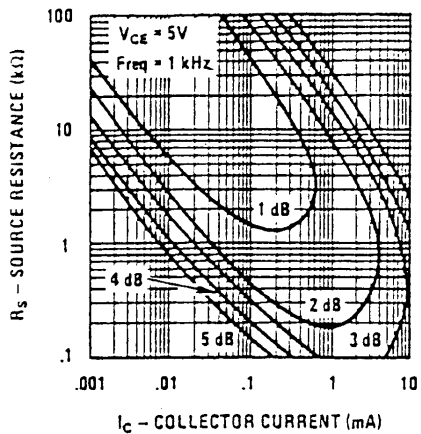
Refer to BC237 for graphs.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

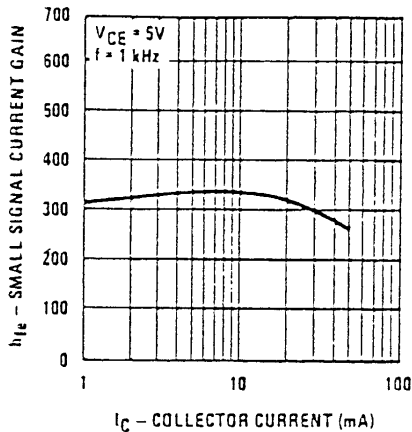
Characteristic	Type	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 2.0\text{ mA}, I_B = 0$ )	BC182 BC183 BC184	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	50 30 30	— — —	— — —	V
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$ )	BC182 BC183 BC184	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	60 45 45	— — —	— — —	V
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$ )		$V_{(BR)EBO}$	6.0	—	—	V
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0$ ) ( $V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0$ )	BC182 BC183 BC184	$I_{CBO}$	— — —	0.20 0.20 0.20	15 15 15	nA
( $V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0$ ) $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ( $V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0$ ) $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$	BC182 BC183 BC184		— — —	0.20 0.20 0.20	4 4 4	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Leakage Current ( $V_{EB} = 4\text{ V}, I_C = 0$ )		$I_{EBO}$	—	—	15	nA
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ )	BC182 BC183 BC184	$h_{FE}$	40 40 100	— — —	— — —	
( $I_C = 2\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ )	BC182 BC183 BC184		100 100 250	— — —	480 850 850	
( $I_C = 100\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ )	BC182 BC183 BC184		30 30 130	— — —	— — —	
Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $I_C = 10\text{ mA}, I_B = 5\text{ mA}$ ) ( $I_C = 100\text{ mA}, I_B = 5\text{ mA}$ )*		$V_{CE(sat)}$	— —	0.07 0.20	0.25 0.60	V
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 100\text{ mA}, I_B = 5\text{ mA}$ )		$V_{BE(sat)}$	—	1.05	—	V
Base-Emitter On Voltage ( $I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ ) ( $I_C = 2\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ ) ( $I_C = 100\text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ )		$V_{BE(on)}$	— 0.55 —	0.50 0.52 0.83	— 0.70 —	V

\*Pulse-test:  $T_p$  300  $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty-cycle 2%.

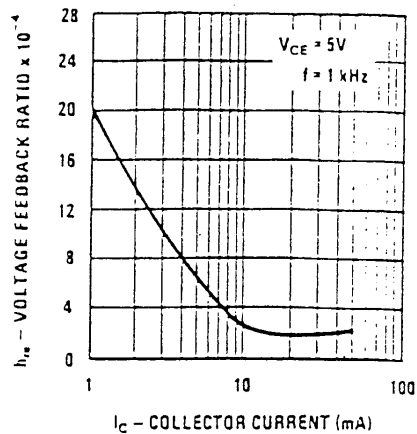
Contours of Constant Narrow Band Noise Figure



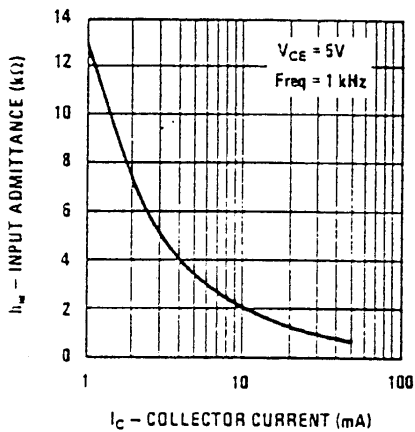
Small Signal Current Gain



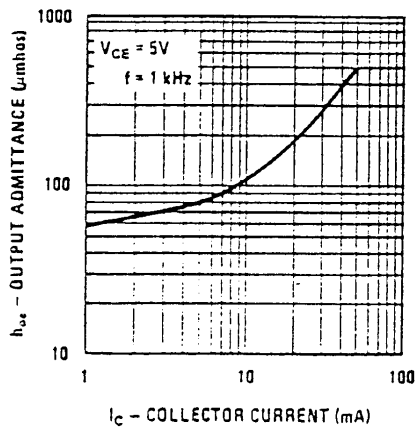
Voltage Feedback Ratio



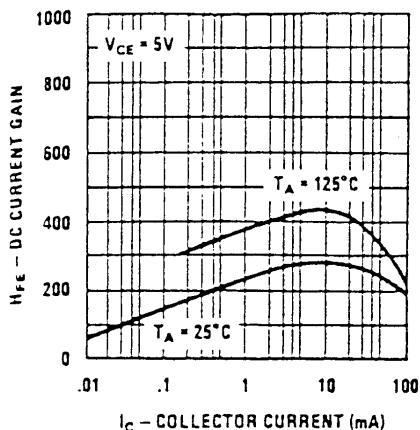
Input Admittance



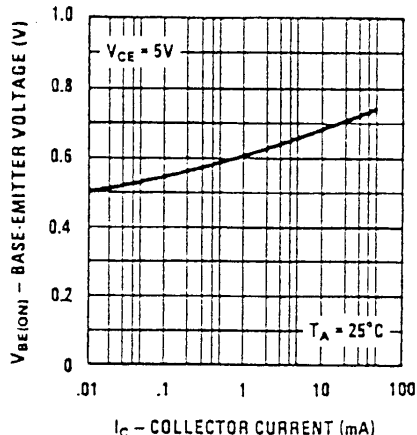
Output Admittance



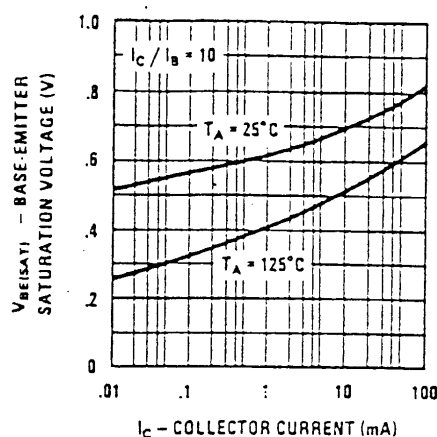
### DC Current Gain vs Collector Current



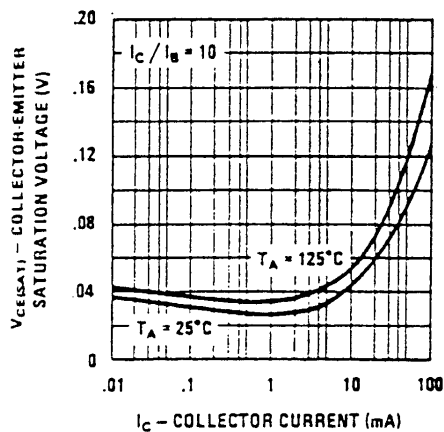
### Base-Emitter ON Voltage vs Collector Current



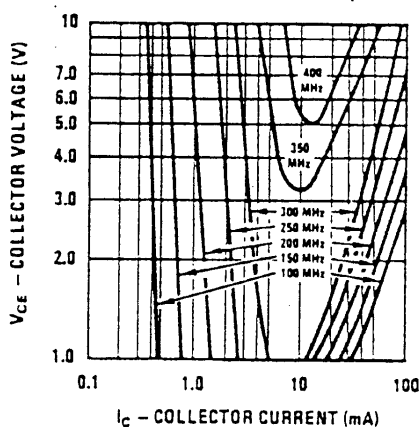
### Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current



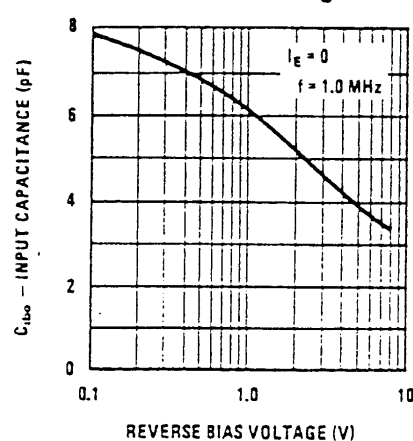
### Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current



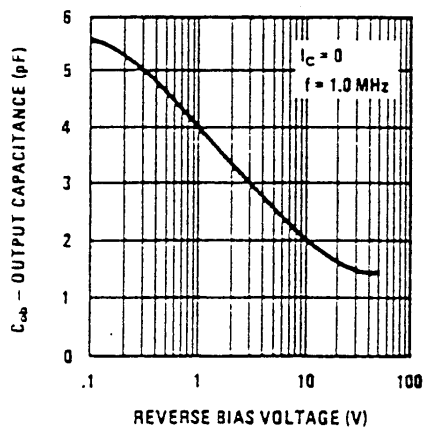
### Contours of Constant Gain Bandwidth Product (f<sub>T</sub>)



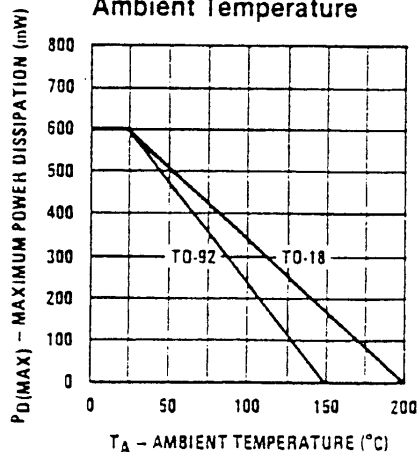
### Input Capacitance vs Reverse Bias Voltage



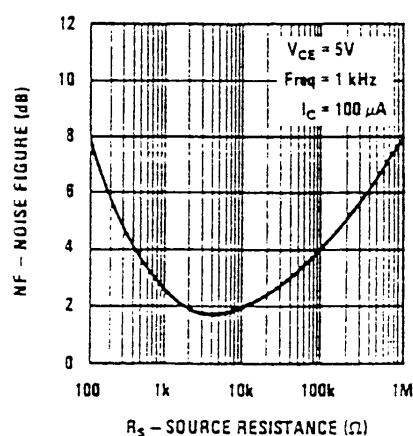
### Output Capacitance vs Reverse Bias Voltage



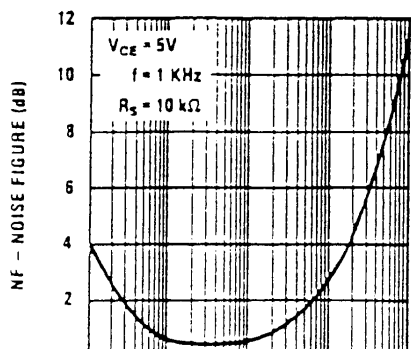
### Maximum Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature



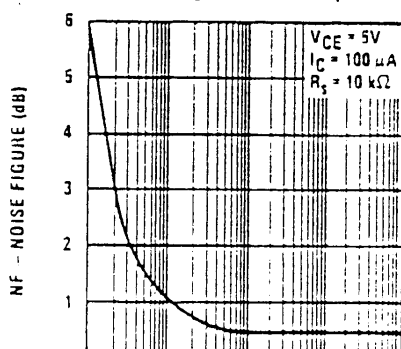
### Noise Figure vs Source Resistance



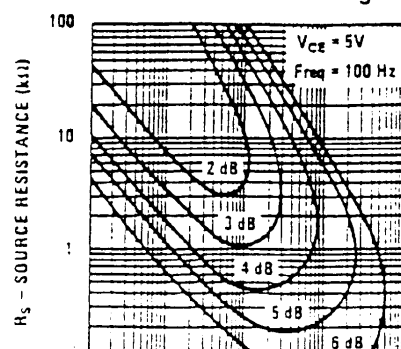
### Noise Figure vs Collector Current



### Noise Figure vs Frequency



### Contours of Constant Narrow Band Noise Figure

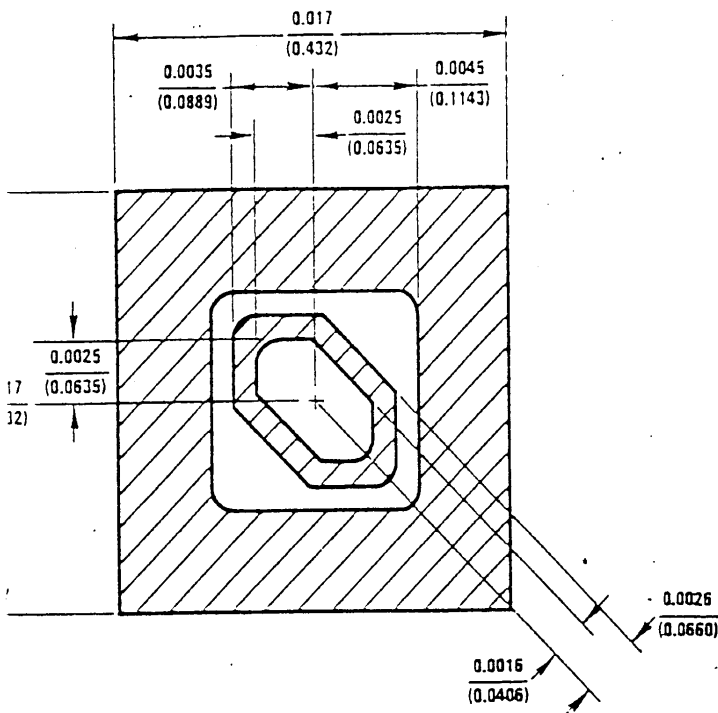


BC182, BC183, 3C184

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued) ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Type	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Current Gain Bandwidth Product ( $I_C = 0.5\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$ , $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ )	BC182	$f_T$	—	100	—	MHz	
	BC183		—	120	—		
	BC184		—	140	—		
( $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ )	BC182		150	200	—		
	BC183		150	240	—		
	BC184		150	280	—		
Common Base Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$ , $I_C = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ )		$C_{ob}$	—	—	5.0	pF	
Common Base Input Capacitance ( $V_{BE} = 0.5\text{ V}$ , $I_C = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ )		$C_{ib}$	—	8.0	—	pF	
Input Impedance ( $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ KHz}$ )	BC182	$h_{ie}$	1.6	2.2	4.5	Kohm	
	BC183		3.2	6.0	8.5		
	BC184		6.0	8.7	15.0		
Voltage Feedback Ratio ( $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5$ , $f = 1\text{ KHz}$ )	BC182	$h_{re}$	—	1.5	—	$\times 10^{-4}$	
	BC183		—	2.0	—		
	BC184		—	3.0	—		
Small-Signal Current Gain ( $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ KHz}$ )	BC182	$h_{fe}$	125	—	500		
	BC183		125	—	900		
	BC184		240	—	900		
	BC182A, BC183A		125	—	260		
	BC182B, BC183B, BC184B BC183C, BC184C		240 450	—	500 900		
Output Admittance ( $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ KHz}$ )	BC182	$h_{oe}$	—	8	25	$\mu\text{mhos}$	
	BC183		—	10	35		
	BC184		—	12	50		
Noise Figure ( $I_C = 0.2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 2\text{ Kohms}$ , $f = 30\text{ Hz}$ to $15\text{ KHz}$ )	BC184	NF	—	2	4	dB	
	( $I_C = 0.2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 2\text{ Kohms}$ , $f = 1\text{ KHz}$ , $f = 200\text{ Hz}$ )		BC182	—	2		10
			BC183	—	2		10
			BC184	—	2		4

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**DESCRIPTION**

Process 04 is a non-overlay, double-diffused, silicon epitaxial device. Complement to Process 71.

**APPLICATION**

This device was designed for low noise, high gain, general purpose amplifier applications from 10  $\mu$ A to 100 mA collector current.

**PRINCIPAL DEVICE TYPES**

TO-18: BC107 Series  
 TO-92, ECB: 2N2923 Series  
 2N5172  
 TO-92, EBC: MPS2923 Series

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
NF (spot)	$I_C = 200 \mu\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $R_S = 2\text{k}$		2.0	4.0	dB	TO-18
$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.5	3.5	pF	
$C_{ib}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$			10	pF	
$f_T$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ , $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	125	250		MHz	
$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ , $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$	50				
$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ , $I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$	75	250	600		
$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ , $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$	40				
$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$ , $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$	25				
$V_{CE(SAT)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$			0.2	V	
$V_{CE(SAT)}$	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$			0.5	V	
$V_{BE(SAT)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$			0.85	V	
$V_{BE(SAT)}$	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$			0.95	V	
$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$	45			V	
$BV_{CEO}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	35			V	
$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	7.0			V	
$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 40\text{V}$			100	nA	
$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 6\text{V}$			100	nA	

PRO 150B

PRO ELECTRON SERIES (Continued)

Case Style	V <sub>CE5</sub> <sup>*</sup> V <sub>CB0</sub> (V) Min	V <sub>CE0</sub> (V) Min	V <sub>EB0</sub> (V) Min	I <sub>CB0</sub> <sup>*</sup> I <sub>CB0</sub> (mA) Max	HFE h <sub>fe</sub> 1 kHz Min Max	I <sub>C</sub> & V <sub>CE</sub> (mA) (V) Min Max	V <sub>CE(SAT)</sub> (V) Max	V <sub>BE(SAT)</sub> & V <sub>BE(ON)</sub> <sup>*</sup> (V) Min Max	I <sub>C</sub> (mA) Min Max	C <sub>inh</sub> (pF) Max	f <sub>T</sub> (MHz) Min Max	I <sub>C</sub> (mA) Min Max	t <sub>off</sub> (ns) Max	NF (dB) Max	Test Conditions	Process No.
TO-18	25	20	5	100	110 240	2 500*	0.18	0.78 0.75* 1.0*	10 2	4.5	150	10		4	1	71
TO-92 (97)	60	50	5	15	40 80 125	0.01 100 500*	0.6 0.25	1.2 0.55 0.70*	10 10 2	5	150	10		10	1	04
TO-92 (97)	60	50	5	15	40 80 125	0.01 100 260*	0.6 0.25	1.2 0.55 0.70*	10 10 2	5	150	10		10	1	04
TO-92 (97)	60	50	5	15	40 80 240	0.01 100 500*	0.6 0.25	1.2 0.55 0.70*	10 10 2	5	150	10		10	1	04
TO-92 (94)	60	50	5	15	40 80 125	0.01 100 500*	0.6 0.25	1.2 0.55 0.70*	10 10 2	5	150	10		10	1	04
TO-92 (94)	60	50	5	15	40 80 125	0.01 100 260*	0.6 0.25	1.2 0.55 0.70*	10 10 2	5	150	10		10	1	04
TO-92 (97)	45	30	5	15	40 80 125	0.01 100 900*	0.6 0.25	1.2 0.55 0.70*	10 10 2	5	150	10		10	1	04
TO-92 (97)	45	30	5	15	40 80 125	0.01 100 260*	0.6 0.25	1.2 0.55 0.70*	10 10 2	5	150	10		10	1	04
TO-92 (97)*	45	30	5	15	40 80 240	0.01 100 500*	0.6 0.25	1.2 0.55 0.70*	10 10 2	5	150	10		10	1	04
TO-92 (97)	45	30	5	15	40 80 450	0.01 100 900*	0.6 0.25	1.2 0.55 0.70*	10 10 2	5	150	10		10	1	04

CONDITIONS:  
 (1) I<sub>C</sub> = 100 mA, V<sub>CE</sub> = 5V, f = 1 kHz. (2) I<sub>C</sub> = 100 mA, V<sub>CE</sub> = 20V, I<sub>B</sub><sup>1</sup> = I<sub>B</sub><sup>2</sup> = 5 mA. (3) I<sub>C</sub> = 200 μA, V<sub>CE</sub> = 2V, f = 1 kHz. (4) I<sub>C</sub> = 100 mA, V<sub>CE</sub> = 10V, I<sub>B</sub><sup>1</sup> = I<sub>B</sub><sup>2</sup> = 10 mA. (5) I<sub>C</sub> = 10 mA, V<sub>CE</sub> = 3V, I<sub>B</sub><sup>1</sup> = 1 mA. (6) I<sub>C</sub> = 100 μA, V<sub>CE</sub> = 5V, f = 1 kHz. (7) I<sub>C</sub> = 1 mA, V<sub>CE</sub> = 10V, f = 200 kHz. (8) I<sub>C</sub> = 1 mA, V<sub>CE</sub> = 5V, f = 1 kHz. (9) I<sub>C</sub> = 150 mA, V<sub>CE</sub> = 6V, I<sub>B</sub><sup>1</sup> = I<sub>B</sub><sup>2</sup> = 15 mA. (10) I<sub>C</sub> = 10 μA, V<sub>CE</sub> = 5V, f = WB.

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